Product training DSP-HW 2



Who can train?

Qualified electrician

Who can be trained?

Any electrotechnical layperson who is trusted to work responsibly with the test device. (**Note:** country-specific requirements may differ!)

What is needed for the training?

- Beamer / TV for the presentation
- Operating instructions DSP-HW 2 for each participant (<u>PDF-Download</u>)
- DSP-HW 2 for demonstration
- Tietzsch Demo Set or the like for practical training

Duration of the training approx. 40 minutes.



Briefing voltage warning device DSP-HW 2



Content

- Hazards of Electric Current
- Protective measures
- Dangers at the place of use
- Field of application of the voltage warning device DSP-HW2
- Operation
- Practical exercise

Hazards of Electric Current



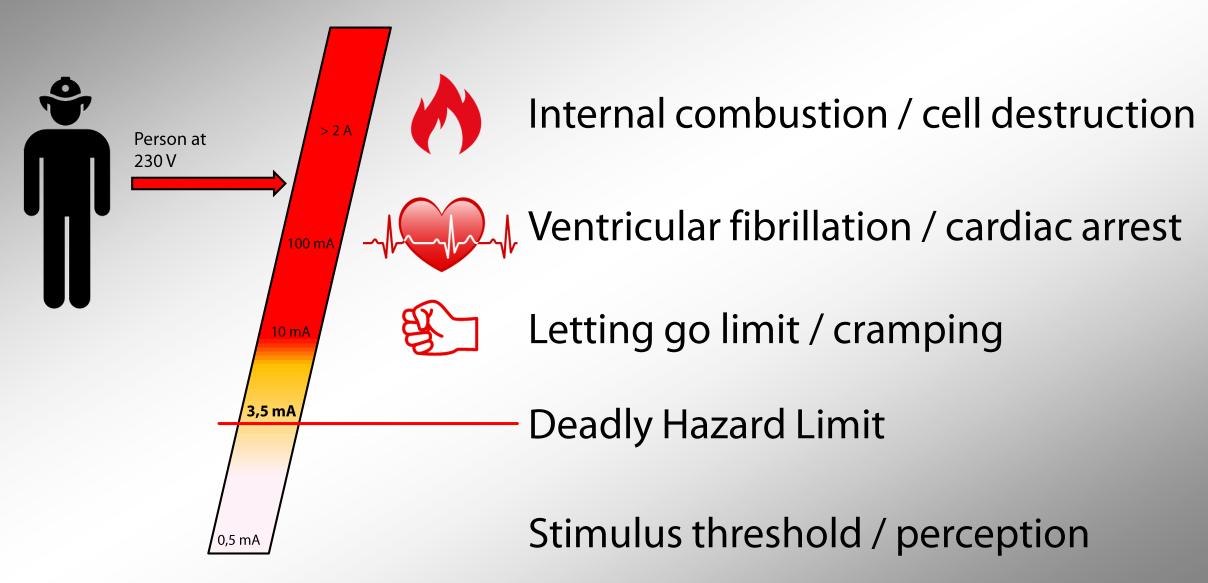
Invisible danger!
Electric current is not visible or audible

Accidents at work with electricity have a 15 times higher risk of fatal outcome

Milliseconds are enough to cause serious injuries

Hazards of Electric Current





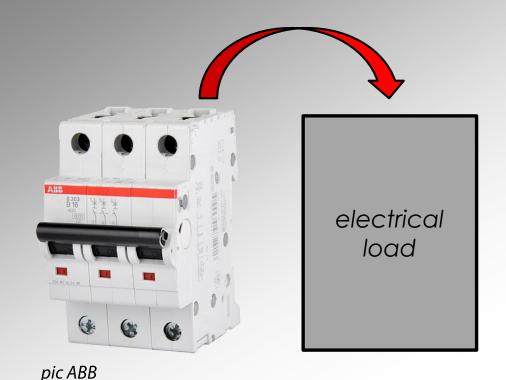
Hazards of Electric Current



Electric current = deadly danger!

Even apparently harmless perfusion can lead to ventricular fibrillation even after hours. Every electrical accident must be examined by a doctor!





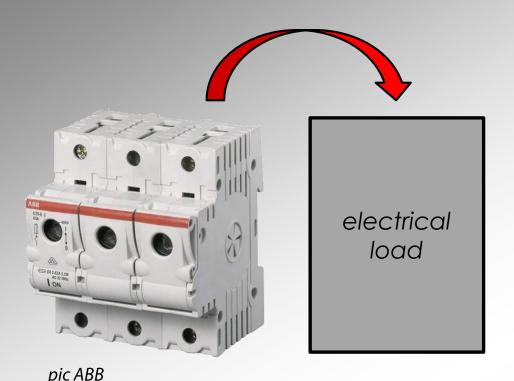
Circuit breaker

Protects against excessive currents (> 16 A)

Flows to large current, the circuit breaker will switch the power off.

The protective effect is **not** personal protection! It only serves to protect the electrical system.





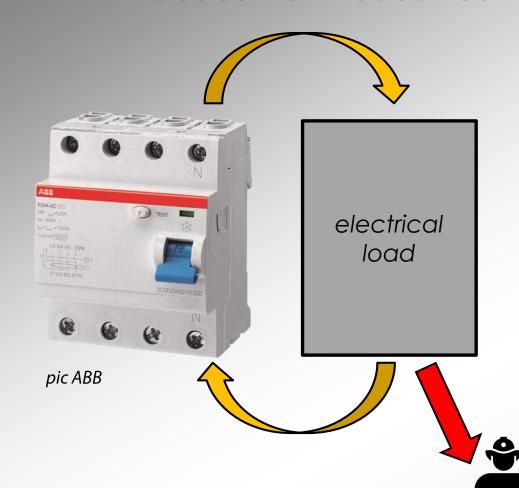
Switch disconnector with fuse

Protects against excessive currents (> 16 A)

Flows to large current, the fuse will switch the power off.

The protective effect is **not** personal protection! It only serves to protect the electrical system.





Fi circuit breaker / RCD circuit breaker also called personal protection switch Protects against residual currents

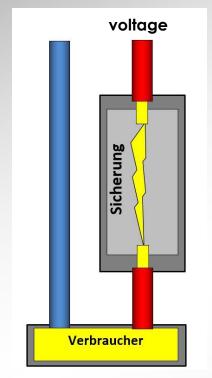
(> 30 mA)

If a "wrong" current flows off, the circuit breaker switches off the voltage.

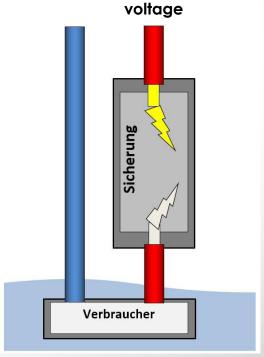


ATTANTION!

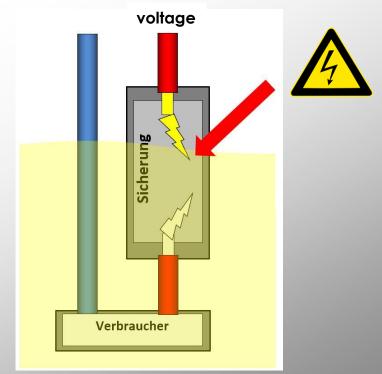
In the case of flooded electrical systems, **all** protective measures can be ineffective and bypassed!



Normal operation



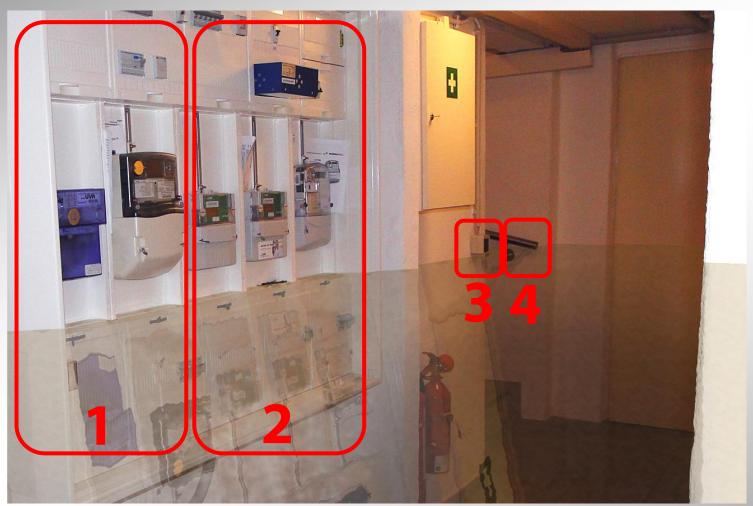
Consumer in the water, fuse may trip.



Fuse in the water is bridged, the water is under voltage



Example of different sources of danger



1: House feed

2: Solar feed

3: Light switch

4: Banister in the water



Conductive objects that protrude into the water:

Banisters



Support or carrier





Flooded electrical installation and devices such as:

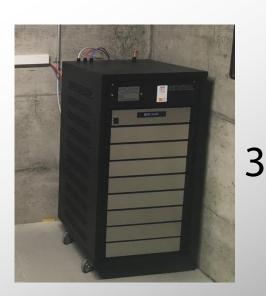
- Sockets
- Light switch
- Extension and multiple sockets
- Washing machines / dryers
- Freezers



Flooded feeds:

- House connection box (1)
- PV / solar systems(2)
- Storage batteries (3)







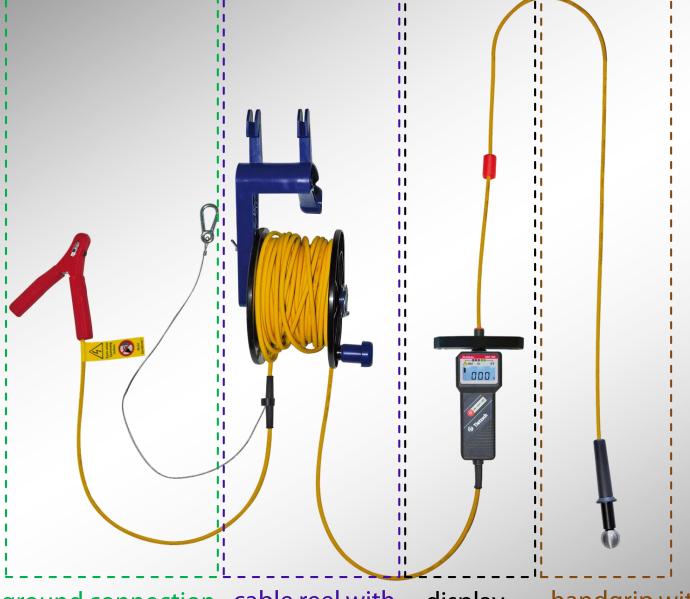


The "source of error" can be several meters away from the workplace and still spread deadly voltage in the water!

The "source of error" can be outside the user's field of vision!

Dangerous voltage can be passed on through banisters and the like!

DSP-HW 2





ground connection cable reel with

30m cable

display unit

handgrip with ball electrode



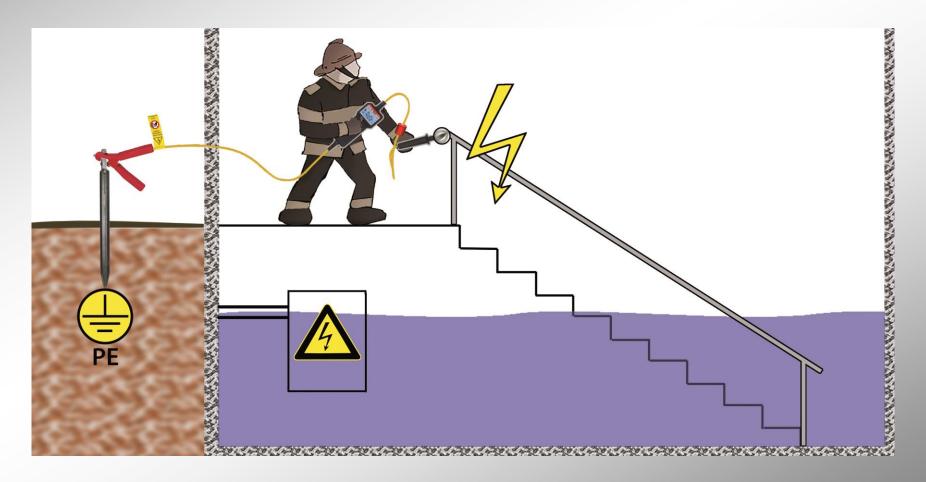
The DSP-HW 2 is a voltage warning device for voltages from 12 V AC / DC up to 1000 V AC / 1500 V DC.

It is specially designed for testing voltage in water or similar conductive liquids.

In addition, objects protruding into the water can be checked for voltage with the DSP-HW 2.

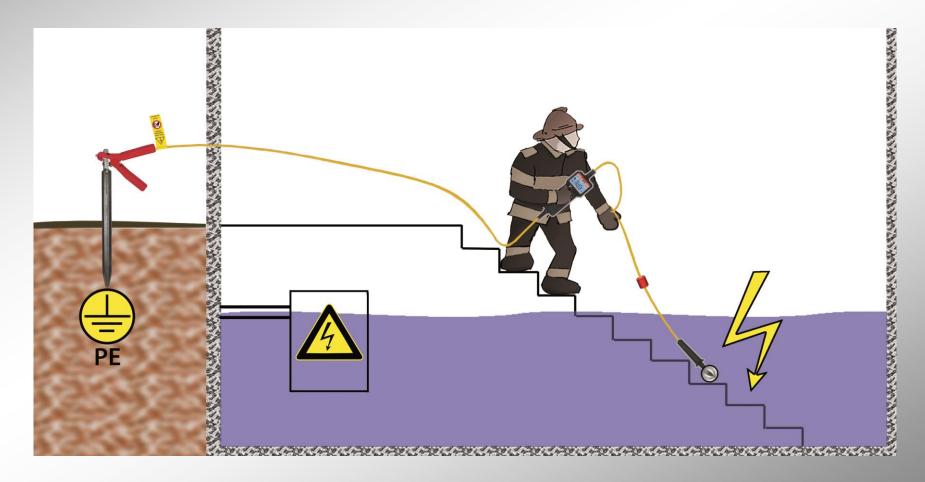


Testing of metallic banisters or other conductive objects



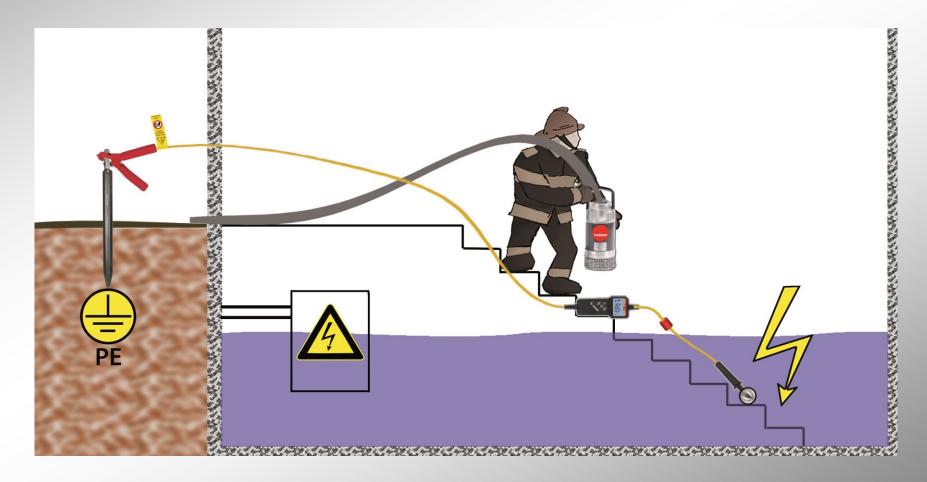


Testing of flooded areas



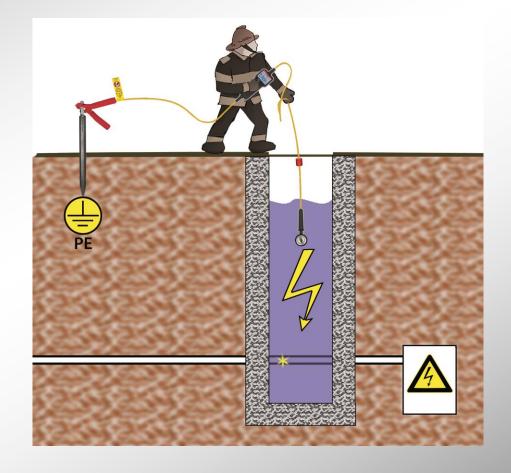


Check while installing / removing pumps



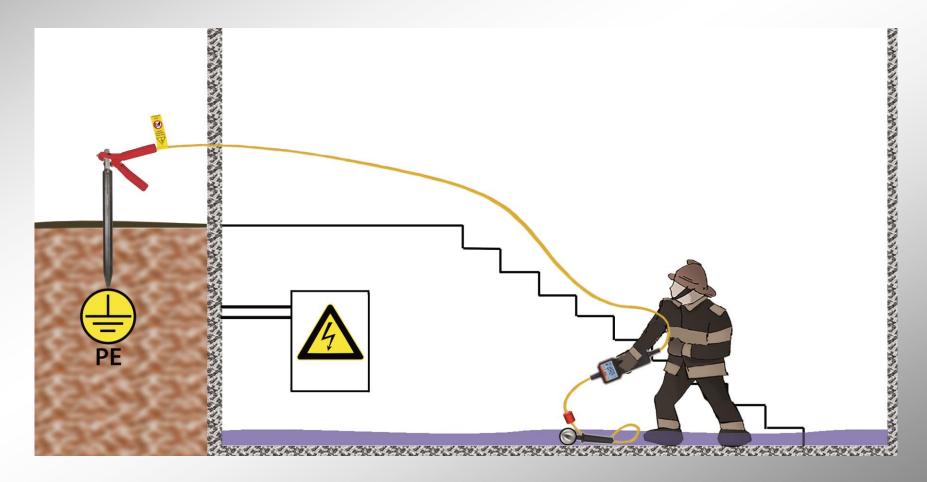


Checking flooded maintenance shafts





Test after the water level has dropped to a few centimeter

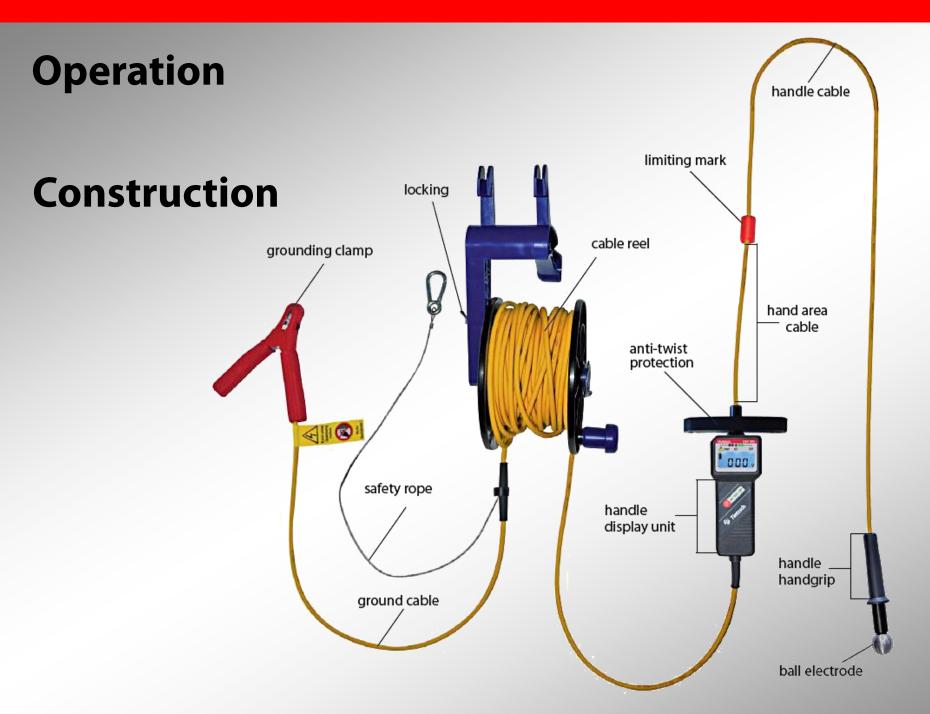




Authorized users

The following must be fulfilled:

- Manufacturer training by a qualified electrician
- Authorization by manager
- Written documentation







Safety precautions



Do not touch water or parts protruding into the water (e.g. railings)! These parts can be live! Do not touch the water even after it has been determined to be de-energized! Dangers can arise at any time due to changing water levels



Do not enter flooded areas, even after it has been determined that there is no voltage! The water can suddenly become live due to changing water levels.



Safety precautions



Only hold the display part by the handle so as not to obscure the display...



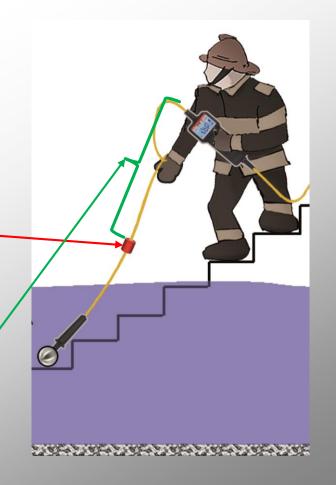


Safety precautions



...When testing with the grip line and ball electrode, the grip line may only be brought into the water up to the red limit mark.

The handle line may only be touched in the **hand area** between the red limit mark and the display part.





Safety precautions



The grounding clamp for the earth connection can be live during the test!

The risk of electric shock is prevented by the protective elements in the device.







Safety precautions



Voltage testers must be dry and clean.

Only the handle with the ball electrode and the handle line up to the red limit mark may be led into the water.

The display unit is waterproof. If this falls into the water, it must be brought back on the still dry grounding line and the display part must then be dried off.

The water must not be touched!



The battery compartment must be closed before use. Unauthorized persons are not allowed to disassemble the display part, with the exception of the battery compartment.

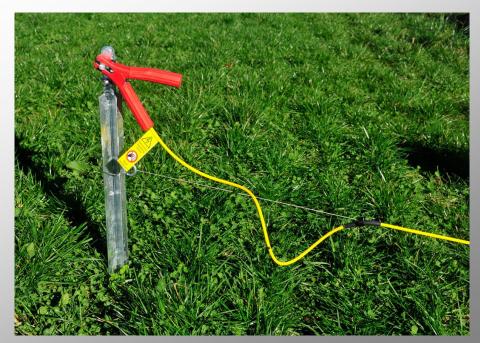


Safety precautions



Before testing the absence of voltage, the cable must be connected to an earth electrode and secured against inadvertent disconnection...







Safety precautions



... Incorrect earthing on unearthed masts, downpipes, banisters, etc. can prevent the display of absence of voltage (green) and dangerous voltage (red). It is essential to check the earth with the self-test.







Safety precautions



The voltage specifications on the DSP-HW 2 are nominal values. The voltage warning device may only be used in systems up to a maximum of 1000 V AC / 1500 V DC. The permitted temperature range for use is - 15 ° C to + 55 ° C.

The permissible duty cycle is 2 minutes at 1000 V AC / 1500 V DC.

When no voltage is detected the DSP-HW 2 switches itself off after approx. 20 minutes.

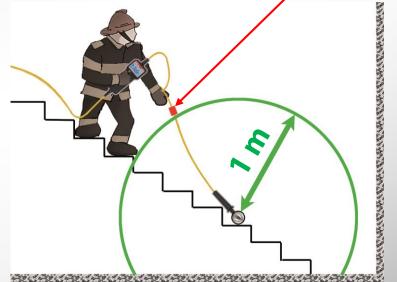


Safety precautions



The test of the voltage in the water is only carried out locally.

The test radius around the ball electrode is 1 m and is indicated by the red limit mark on the test lead.





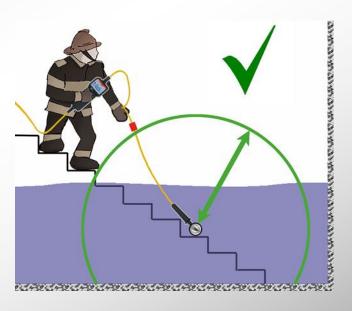
Safety precautions

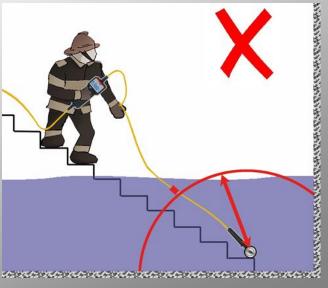


The voltage is checked **1m** around the ball electrode.

Any further work may only be carried out at this measuring point.

If the ball electrode is too far away, the area around the emergency worker is not checked! It must always be checked near the place of use!







Safety precautions



Only authorized persons are allowed to work with this product.



The tester has to be stored in a clean and dry environment.



No special protective equipment for work is prescribed by the manufacturer.



Before use... check for damage.



Inform energy supplier / electricity network operator

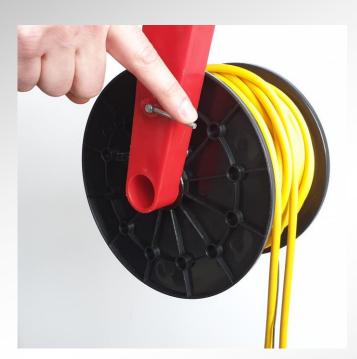
Before work on a flooded area, the responsible energy supplier / electricity network operator must be informed and the flooded area must be switched off / deactivated.

Attantion! This allows the electrical hazard in flooded area nevertheless not be ruled out! Solar systems, energy storage systems or improper connections (e.g. extension cable from the neighbor) can still conduct voltage into the water.

Before using a submersible pump or the like, it is therefore essential to check with the voltage warning device. The flooded area must not be entered!



Unwind the grounding line



losen the lock



unwind twice



middle is marked



Establish ground connection



- heating pipes made of copper
- equipotential bonding bars
- lightning rod
- protective conductor
- earthing stakes driven into the moist soil
- lampposts (unpainted)



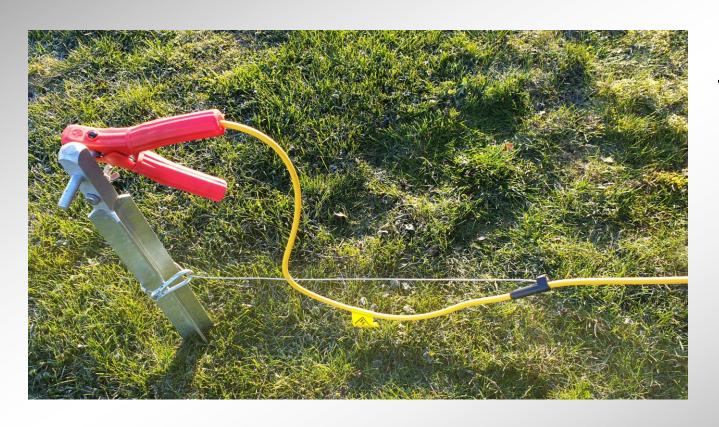




Bedienung



Secure earthing

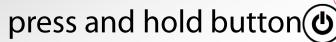


To secure the clamp against inadvertent removal, the safety rope must be attached to an earthing spike, carrier or mast.

Self-test







all LCD-segments light up





release button **(b)**, ready for self-test

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contact ball electrode to ground potential





test ok

ready for voltage testing



Display

LEDs off



Standby

green LEDs flash



No voltage present, water has ground potential.

red LEDs lights up



Voltage present! (> 25 V AC / 40 V DC)



green LEDs flash





Even after detected no voltage:

Do not touch water!

Dangers can **suddenly** arise from rising water levels or waves!



Check banisters (or similar conductive objects)



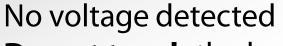
Only grasp the handle of the handgrip and the handle of the display unit!

Use the ball electrode to touch the banisters.

Check banisters







Do not touch the banisters! The banister may not protrude into the water or it may not be conductive.



No voltage (ground potential) **Do not touch** the banisters!

Approach the water and carry out further tests in the water.



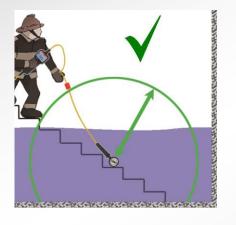
Danger! Voltage!

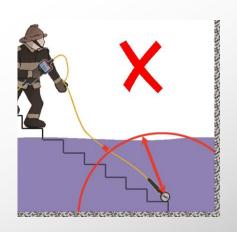
Do not touch the banisters!
Leave the danger area immediately!
Do not use a pump!
Immediately stop all work in the danger area.



Test water (or similar conductive fluids)







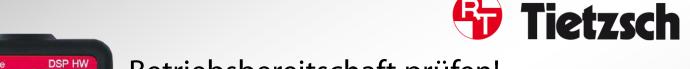
Wasser nicht berühren!

Handgriff mit Kugelelektrode ins Wasser lassen

1m Prüfradius und rote Grenzmarke beachten

Test the water







Betriebsbereitschaft prüfen! **Do not touch** the water!

Check the ground connection!



No voltage (ground potential)
Start work **at this point**, taking care **not to step into the water**.

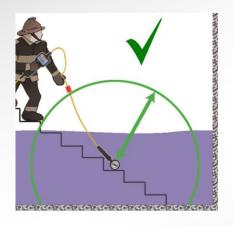


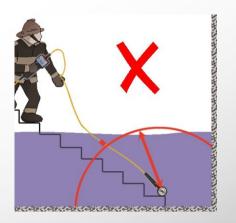
Danger! Voltage!
Do not touch the water!
Leave the danger area immediately!
Do not use a pump!
Immediately stop all work in the danger area.



Test water and setup pump







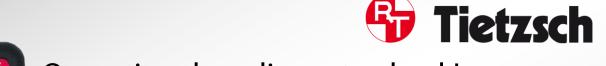
Do not touch the water!

Lower the handle with the ball electrode into the water and place diplay unit in field of view.

Note 1m test radius and red limiting mark

Setup pump







Operational readiness to check! **Do not touch** the water!

Check the ground connection!



No voltage (ground potential) **Do not enter** the water!

Insert the pump at this point while observing the green LEDs.

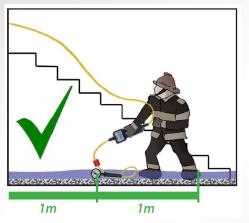


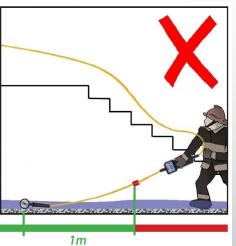
Danger! Voltage!
Do not touch the water!
Leave the danger area immediately!
Do not use a pump!
Immediately stop all work in the danger area.



Absorption of residual water







Only after the water level has dropped to a **few centimeters** and further pumping is no longer possible may the working method be used.

Put the handle with the ball electrode into the water and observe the test radius!

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Residual water





No voltage detected Work can be carried out in the area.



No voltage (ground potential)
Work can be carried out in the area.



Danger! Voltage! **Do not touch anything!**

- not even other people! Take small steps to the stairs and jump out of the water with both legs at the same time.



Summary

Standby



No voltage



Voltage present



red = Voltage present!

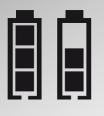
Abort work and leave the danger area immediately!

green = No voltage. Do not touch the water even after it has been determined to be free of voltage!

Generally do not touch any conductive objects!



Battery indication and battery replacement



indication of battery status



If there is only one bar left, we recommend replacing the battery



battery empty - you still can perform a few tests

The battery compartment is on the back of the display unit. A 9V block battery (6LR61) is required.



Maintenance / Storage



Always keep the DSP-HW 2 in a dry, clean condition. We recommend a bag for safe storage.

Check at least once a year:

- Battery condition
- Functionality with integrated self-test



Tietzsch Demo-Set





We recommend our demo set for practical exercises.

This is equipped with a connection plug with an RCD protective plug (FI protection) for a more secure connection.

Different scenarios can be simulated with the demo set.



Tietzsch Demo-Set



Fill the demo box approx. 5 cm high with tap water.

Hang the electrode on the edge.

Plug the RCD connection cable into the socket.



Tietzsch Demo-Set



Connect the ground clamp to ground potential. For this purpose, the earth clamp can be clamped to the brass insert of the PE line. Alternatively, the grounding can also be done e.g. on copper pipes or with a grounding spike, etc.



Tietzsch Demo-Set



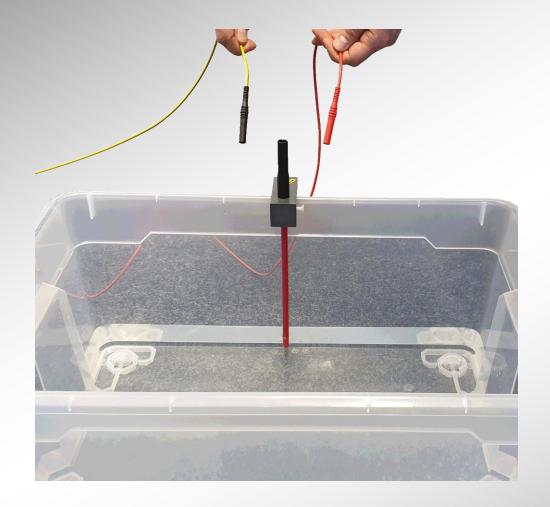
Perform self-test

Contact the ball electrode to earth potential, e.g. spring contact of a socket (type F).

Alternatively: copper pipes, foundation earth electrodes, earthing spike



Tietzsch Demo-Set



The following deployment scenarios can be simulated:

Voltage = red calbe (L1)

No voltage = yellow-green cable grounded

No voltage = no cable



Tietzsch Demo-Set



red cable connected



ATTENTION! Water is life!

Do not touch the water!

Put the handle with the ball electrode into the water and watch the display of the DSP-HW 2.



Tietzsch Demo-Set



yellow-green cable connected

Put the handle with the ball electrode into the water and watch the display of the DSP-HW 2.



Tietzsch Demo-Set



no cable connected

Put the handle with the ball electrode into the water and watch the display of the DSP-HW 2.